

Montpellier-Perpignan New Line

AN EXTRA LINE +

More trains

on all lines, for all passengers

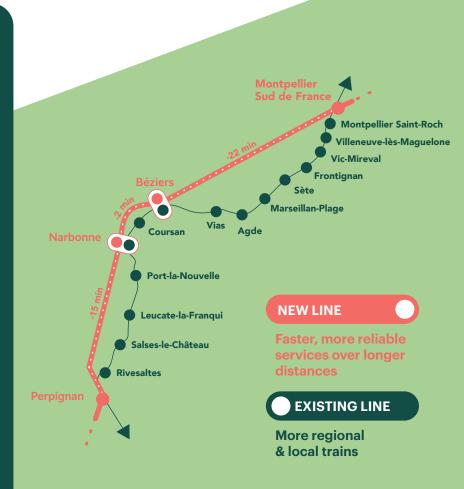
About the project

The Montpellier-Perpignan new line will consist of 150 km of high-speed track between Montpellier and Perpignan to supplement the existing line.

The aim is to boost regional service capacity and provide continuity between high-speed links in France and Spain. The line will fill one of the missing links in the European freight and passenger network and thereby help drive down pollution.

The new line is designed to cater to growing demand for rail services along the Languedoc coast in a region engaged in negotiating the energy transition and with a booming population. On its own, the existing line, which has already reached its capacity limits at peak times between Montpellier and Béziers, will be unable to cope with extra demand.

The new line will release extra capacity for both passengers and freight.
The result will be a more efficient, more reliable network with greater resilience to climate change.





























A two-part project The Montpellier-Perpignan new line is to be completed in two stages: a first section between Montpellier and Béziers, followed by a second between Béziers and Perpignan. By proceeding in this way, the aim is to give priority to the most heavily trafficked section of the network, while shortening the study and works phases and staggering investments over time to improve project sustainability.

MONTPELLIER ↔ BÉZIERS



52.3 km of new line

+7 km

of lines connecting to the existing network



Mixed traffic line

> (freight + passengers)

euros 2020 economic

2 billion

Phase 1 of the project was declared in the public interest in February 2023. Functional studies are still in hand (detailed design studies) and first preparatory work will shortly begin in the field.

PHASE 2 **BÉZIERS** ↔ **PERPIGNAN**



97.7 km of new line

+23 km

new stations



euros 2020 economic

of lines connecting to the existing network

......Q

2

Some of the Phase 2 functionalities (stations and mixed traffic option) are to be further studied and the findings unveiled during new consultation procedures.

Reasons

One new line, three main objectives



To release extra capacity and boost quality for local and regional trains



To help drive down greenhouse gas emissions



To provide continuity between highspeed links in France and Spain





Leitmotiv: sustainable development



For this project, SNCF Réseau has made the deliberate decision to comply with HQE (High Quality Environment) Sustainable infrastructure criteria.

To obtain HQE certification, it is necessary to demonstrate that new line projects fulfil all sustainable development and eco-design requirements by ensuring that measures are planned to contain their carbon footprint. Compliance is judged in relation to four criteria: quality of life, environmental-friendliness, economic performance and accountable management.

From the outset, SNCF Réseau has taken active steps to curb the project's environmental impact on farming, wetlands, biodiversity, landscapes, etc. It has consistently paid special attention to ensuring that the new line will blend into its natural and architectural environment.

Once Phase 1 has been completed, ridership is expected to rise by 70,000 passengers per year.

and make it more

the roads.

A freight train can

of 45 truckloads.

carry the equivalent

attractive through the

possibility of faster and easier travel.



+ 3 million

rail passengers

per year

between Montpellier

and Perpignan

- 20,000 heavy goods Modal shift should curb atmospheric vehicles per year on pollution and the A9 motorway lessen the number of accidents on



The project should - 160,000 tonnes prompt a shift from road to rail. It will, therefore, have a positive effect on the climate and public health by avoiding greenhouse gas emissions.

of CO₂eq per year i.e. the equivalent of 160,000 individual Paris - New York flights Trains are by far the most environmentally



2017 Decision

2030 and

2040 time

horizons

regarding

project phasing

PHASE 1

PHASE 2

(i)

2021/2022

consultations

and public

enquiry

2024/2025

• Supplementary studies into the mixed traffic option and new stations and then consultation on

2023

Project

declared in

the public

interest

Regional dialogue

2026/2028

2024-2028

Detailed design studies,

preparatory operations

in the field (soundings,

archaeological digs)

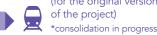
Consultation on the functionalities (2026) the railway (2027-2028)

Public Interest Declaration (DUP)



Start of works operations

Commissioning at the 2040 time horizon* (for the original version of the project)



6 billion euros, 13 co-funding partners

With an estimated price tag of 6.12 billion euros*, the new line is being jointly funded by 13 partners, all involved in project governance.

*under January 2020 economic conditions



French State (40% of total funds)

The Montpellier-Perpignan New Line (LNMP) is one of the major priority railway projects listed in France's 2019 Mobility Orientation Act (LOM). The French State is, consequently, contributing a sizeable proportion of the necessary funds.

Local & regional authorities

These 11 local & regional authorities are together providing a further part of the funds needed

For Phase 1, they have set up a Special Purpose

Vehicle (SPV) to manage their different financial

Delga, President of the Occitanie Region.

contributions. The LNMP SPV is chaired by Carole

(40% of total funds)

for the project.



























The Montpellier-Perpignan new line is one of the European Union's priority projects. Both its phases should, therefore, qualify for substantial European Union grants in addition to those already awarded.

Project co-owners



As the French railway infrastructure manager, SNCF Réseau is the main contracting authority for the project and, as such, responsible for masterminding the necessary studies and spearheading consultations with local and regional protagonists.



SNCF Gares & Connexions is the main contracting authority for the new stations.



Local & regional involvement in the project: a priority for



Since the earliest days of the project, SNCF Réseau has madea point of maintaining constant contact with the various local & regional stakeholders (politicians, institutions, associations, socioeconomic and environmental agencies, local residents, etc.).

Objective: to ensure that proper allowance is made for local & regional needs and preferences and design a project also capable of containing the effects of works operations on the lives of local residents and the environment.

Since the first public hearings in 2009, there have been several waves of consultations for each of the preparatory line development stages. Similar processes will continue until the line is ultimately placed in service.



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